



# MQTT

Connecting to the AWS, Amazon Web Services

Vers. 1.1 – Jul 2021

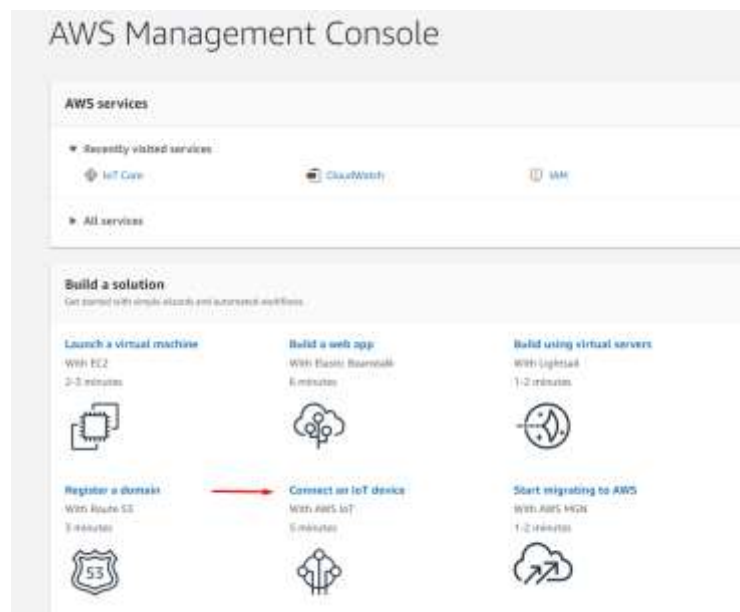
## 1. Introduction

All of Infinite's devices that support the MQTT protocol, are capable to connect to any local or remote MQTT Broker. Amazon Web Services is a subsidiary of Amazon providing on-demand cloud computing platforms and APIs to individuals, companies, and governments, on a metered pay-as-you-go basis.

This document is a brief how-to guide for all device communications between Infinite's devices and the AWS which supports MQTT connectivity.

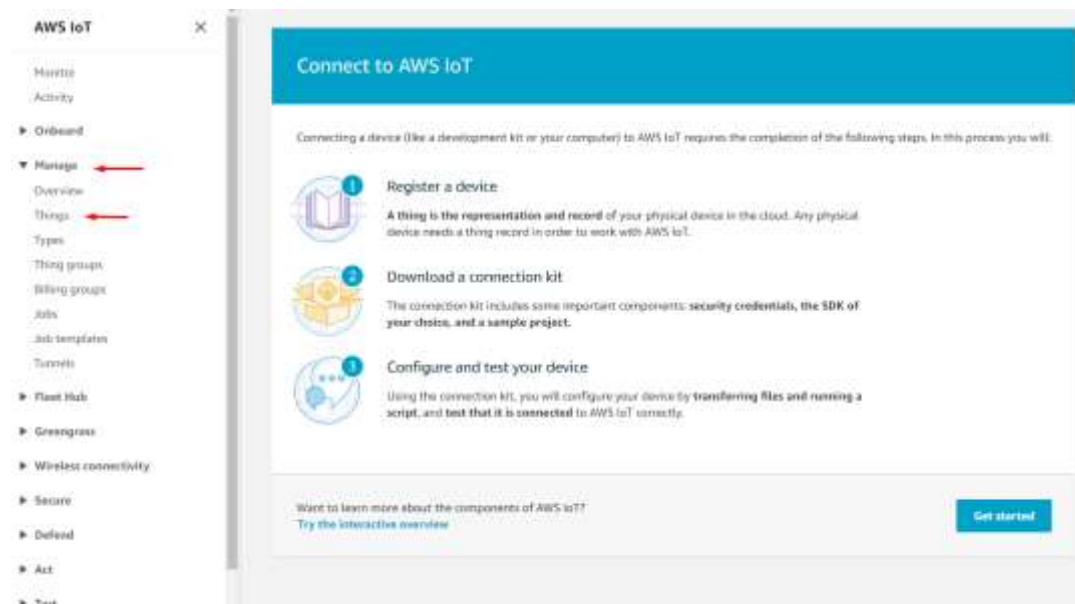
## 2. AWS Console

After creating an AWS account, navigate to the AWS Management Console page and click Connect an IoT device.



Open the Manage tab and click Things.

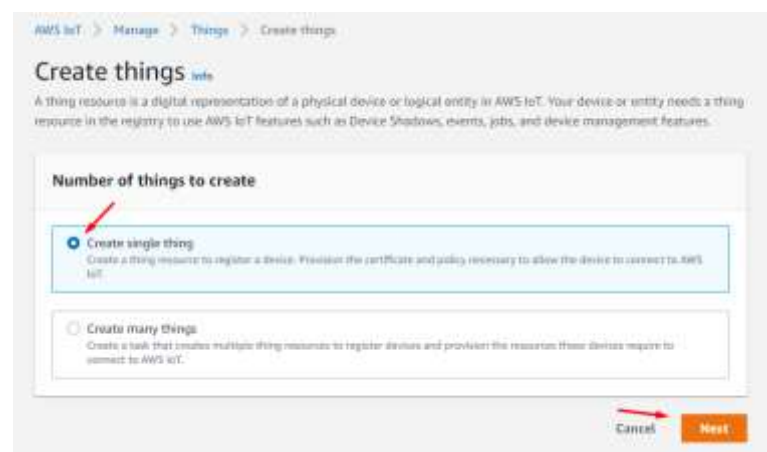
## MQTT - Connecting to the AWS, Amazon Web Services



Click Create things.



Create a single thing.



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Give the Thing a name.

**Thing properties** [info](#)

Thing name

Enter a unique name (containing only letters, numbers, hyphens, underscores, or alphanumeric). A thing name can't contain any spaces.

**Additional configurations**  
You can use these configurations to add detail that can help you to organize, manage, and search your things.

- ▶ Thing type - optional
- ▶ Searchable thing attributes - optional
- ▶ Thing groups - optional
- ▶ Billing group - optional

**Device Shadow** [info](#)

Device Shadow allows connected devices to sync state with AWS. You can also get, update, or delete the state information of this thing's shadow using either HTTP or MQTT APIs.

☒ No shadow

☐ Named shadow  
Create multiple shadows with different names to manage access to properties, and tag policy group your device properties.

☐ Unnamed shadow (classic)  
A thing can have only one unnamed shadow.

Cancel Next

Auto-generate a new certificate. (AWS requires TLS communications)

**Configure device certificate - optional** [info](#)

A device requires a certificate to connect to AWS IoT. You can choose how you to register a certificate for your device now, or you can create and register a certificate for your device later. Your device won't be able to connect to AWS IoT until it has an active certificate with an appropriate policy.

**Device certificate**

☒ Auto-generate a new certificate (recommended)  
Generate a certificate, public key, and private key using AWS IoT's certificate authority.

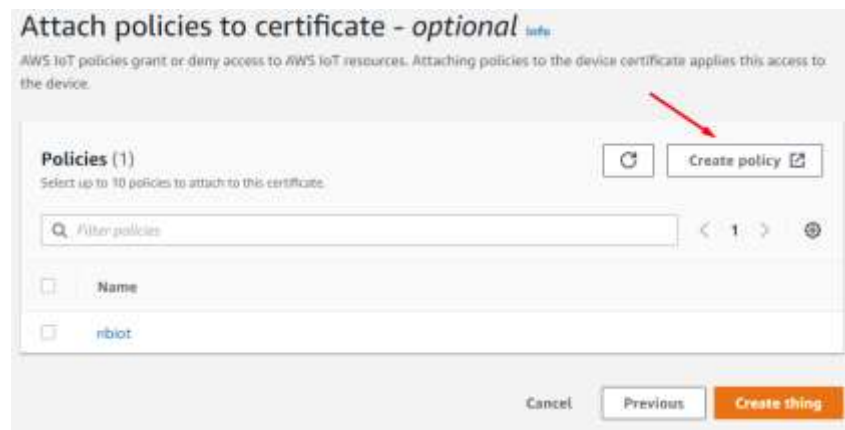
☐ Use my certificate  
Use a certificate signed by your own certificate authority.

☐ Upload CSR  
Register your CA and use your own certificates on one or many devices.

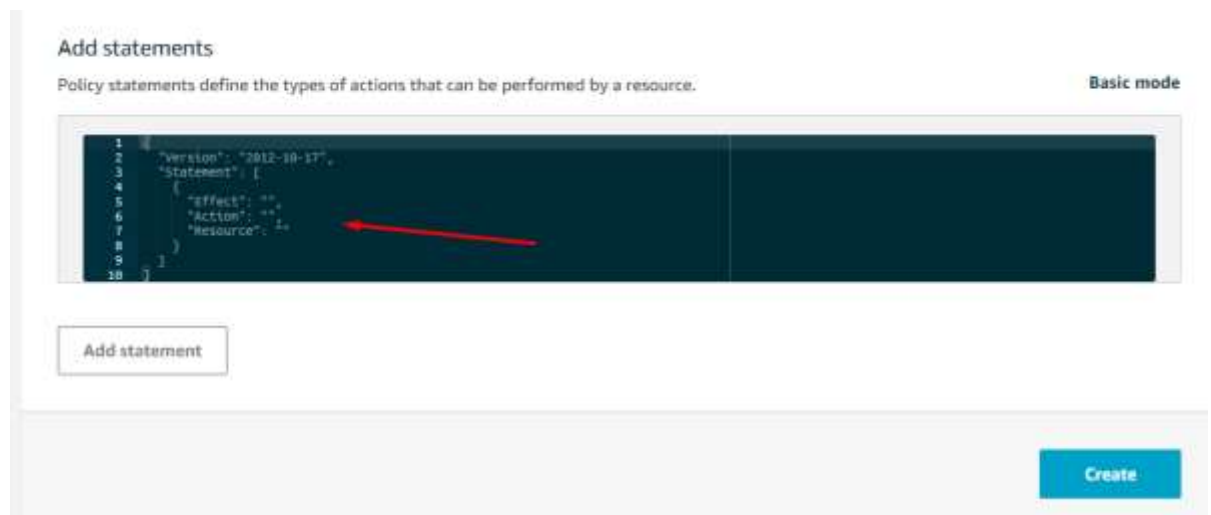
☐ Skip creating a certificate at this time  
You can create a certificate for this thing and attach a policy to the certificate at a later time.

Cancel Previous Next

Create a policy to attach to the certificate.



Name the policy and click advanced mode to define the types of actions that can be performed by our device.



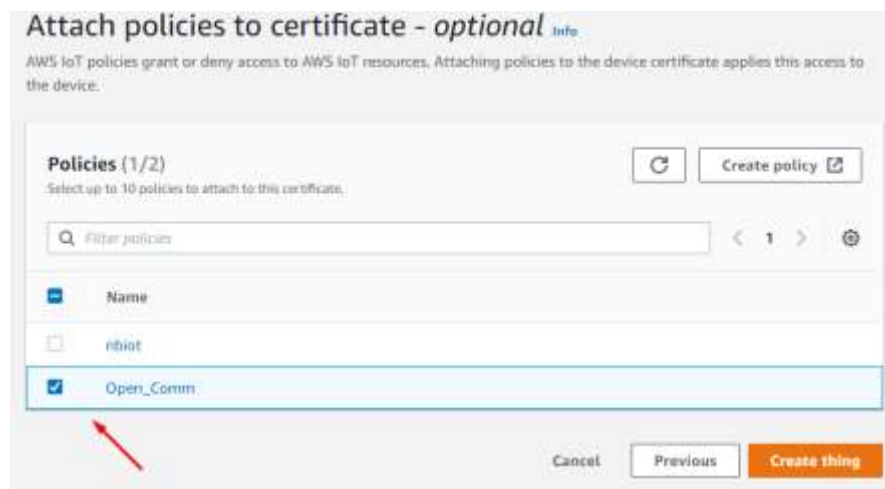
Delete the pre-existing statements and paste the following ones.

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:*",
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

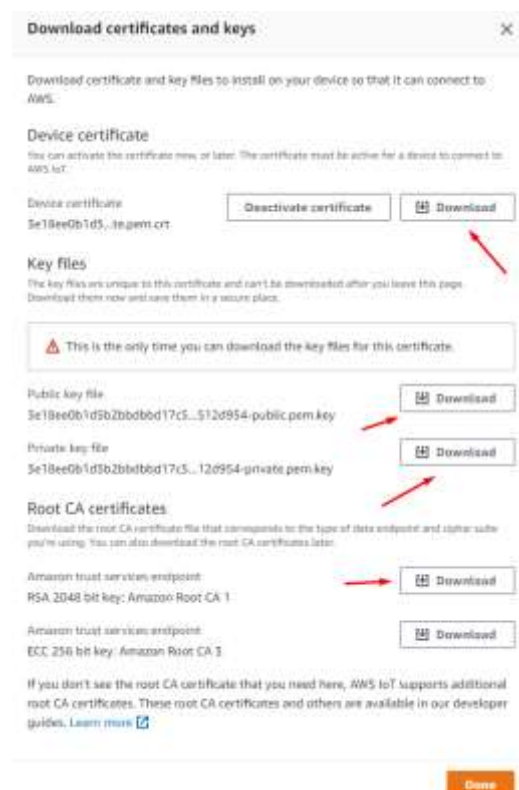
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This policy is for testing purposes (it allows all communications to and from the device) and should be adjusted for your requirements.

Click refresh and choose the policy you just created and click Create thing.

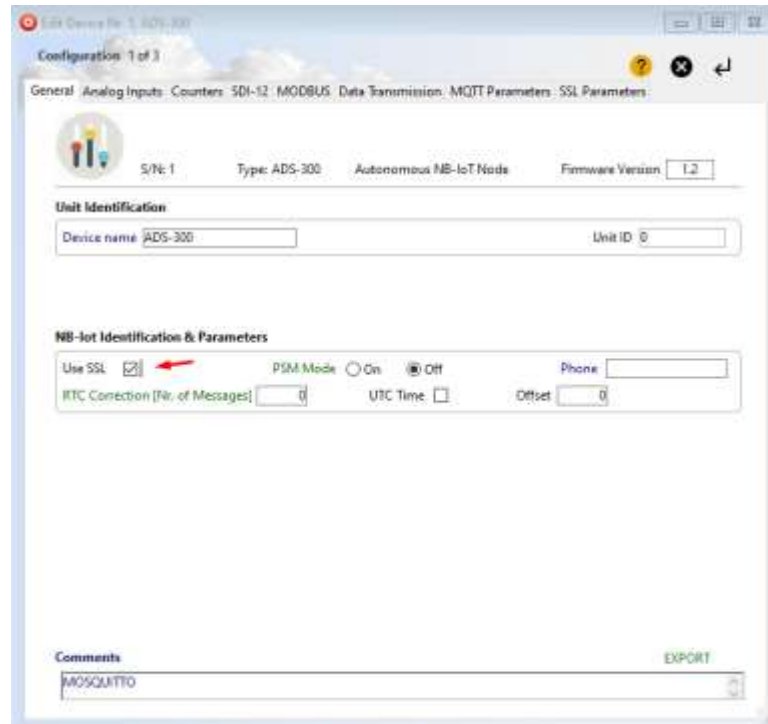


In the windows that pops up you can download the certificates that were created.



### 3. Device Configuration with WA Manager

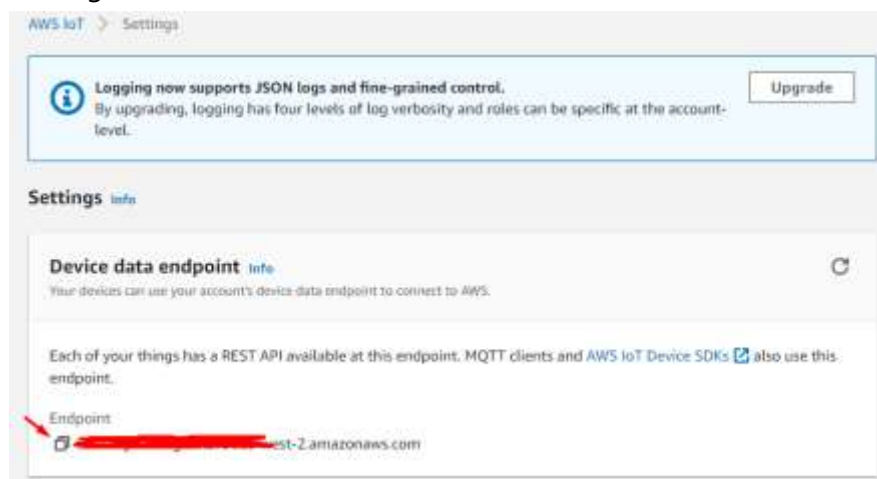
In the Edit Device window in WA Manager, tick the Use SSL box.



Next, we configure the MQTT parameters.

Although AWS supports MQTT connectivity, it is not a pure MQTT Broker and so it has some limitations regarding its MQTT parameters.

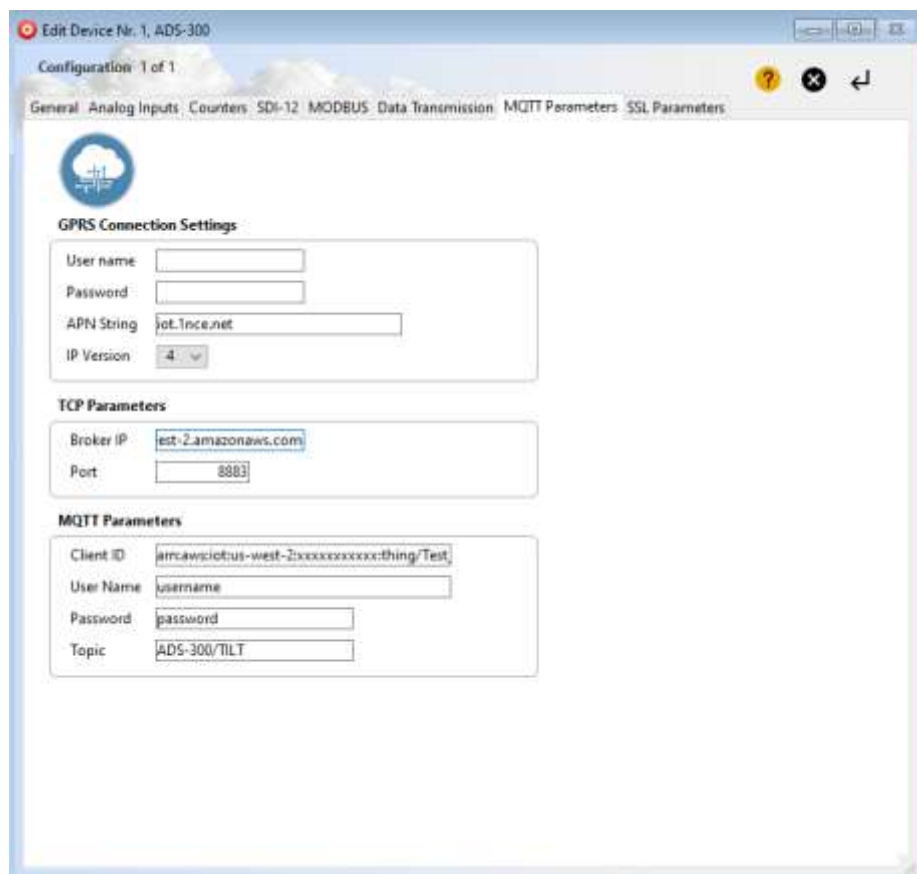
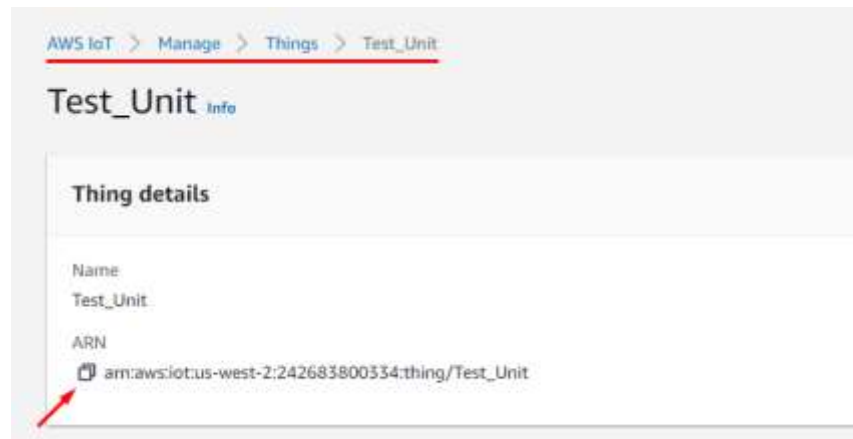
For the Broker IP, the Device data endpoint must be used that can be found in the AWS IoT Settings tab.



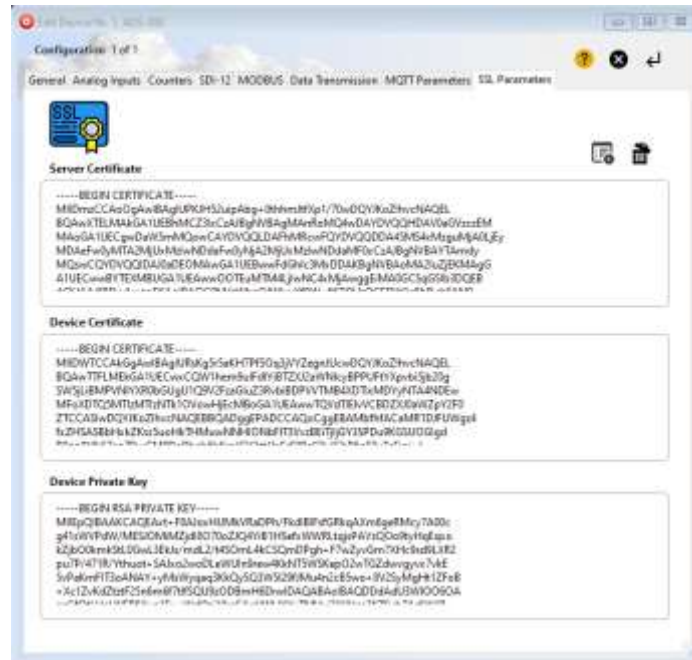
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For the Client ID, the ARN (Amazon Resource Name) must be used that can be found in the Things tab.



Lastly, in the SSL Parameters tab, we copy and paste the three files needed for the TLS communication: Server Certificate (CA), Device Certificate and Device Private Key.



The Server Certificate is the Amazon trust services that you previously downloaded, the Device Certificate is the file you downloaded and the Device Private Key is the private key file. These files should be first opened with Notepad++ and their contents should be copy and pasted in the above tab. All files must be PEM formatted.

### 4. Load Certificates via Terminal

Alternatively, the certificates can also be loaded via a terminal program of your choice. This example uses Tera Term.

The serial port settings are shown in the image below.

Speed:	115200
Data:	8 bit
Parity:	none
Stop bits:	1 bit
Flow control:	none

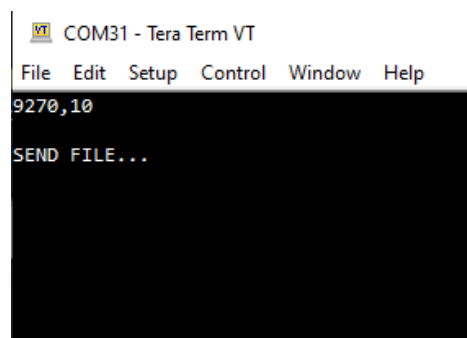
The commands for sending each of the certificates are shown in the table below.



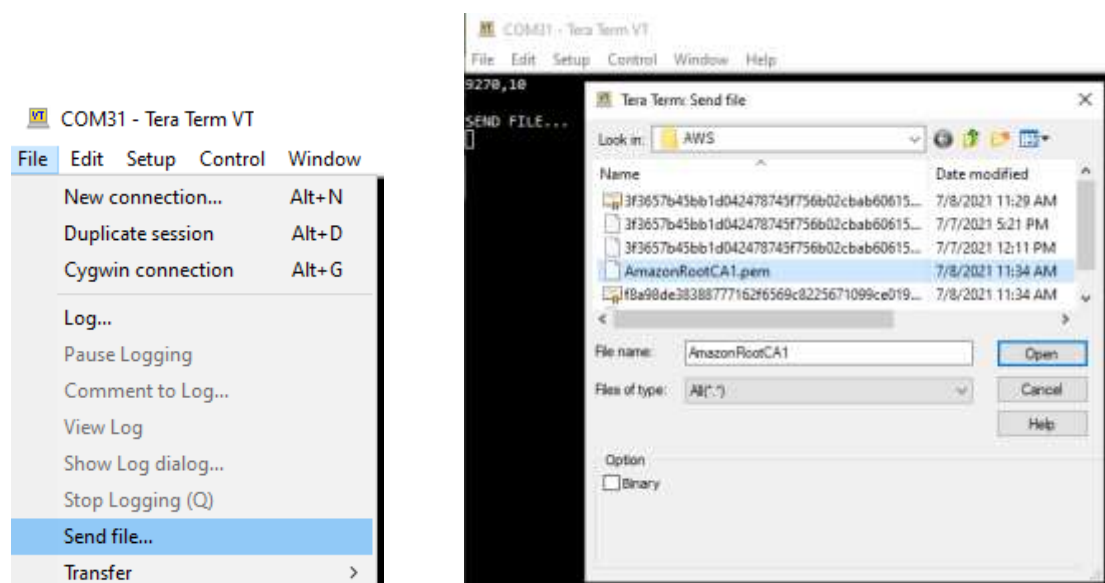
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9270	Send SSL Certificates	cmd,n	n: 10: Root Certificate, 20: Device Certificate, 30: Device Private Key
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So, for sending the Root Certificate we should enter the command `9270,10` in the terminal.



Then, send the appropriate file.



And enter the special character `*`. This is achieved by pressing `Ctrl+8`.

```
COM31 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
9270,10

SEND FILE...
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIDQTCCAimgAwIBAgITBmyfz5m/jAo54vB4ikPm1jZbyjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsF
ADA5MQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEPMA0GA1UEChMGQW1hem9uMRkwFwYDVQQDExB8bWF6
b24gUm9vdCBDQSAxMB4XDTE1MDUyNjAwMDAwMFoXDTE1MDUyNjAwMDAwMFowOTEL
MAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxOzANBgNVBAoTBkFtYXpjb24gUm9vdCBkZmVudCBkZmVudCBk
b3QgQ0EgMTCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBALJ4gHHKcXj
ca9HgFB0fW7Y14h29Jl091ghYP10hAEvrAItht0gQ3p0sqTQNr0Bvo3b5MgHFzZM
906II8c+6zf1tRn4S4w3te5djgdYZ6k/oI2peVKVURF4fn9tBb6dNqcmzU5L/qw
IFAGbHrQgLKm+a/sRxmPUDgH3KKH0Vj4utWp+UhnMJbulHheb4mjUcAwmahRwa6
V0ujw5H5SNz/0egwLX0tdHA114gk957EWw67c4cX8jJGKLhD+rcdqsq08p8kDi1L
93FcXmn/6pUCyziKr1A4b9v7LWibxcceVOF34GfID5yHI9Y/QCB/IIDEgEw+OyQm
jgSubJrIqg0CAwEAANCMCAwDwYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMC
AYYwHQYDVDR0OBByEFIQYzIU07LwM1JQuCFmcx7IQTgoIMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBwUA
A4IBAQC8jdaQZChGsV2USggNiM0ruYou6r41K5IPDB/G/wkjUu0yKGX9rbxenDI
U5PMCCjJmCXPI6T53iHTfIUJRu6adTrCC2qJehZERxh1b1BjJt/msv0tadQ1wUs
N+gDS63pYaACbvXy8Mwy7Vu33PqUXHeeE6V/Uq2V8viT096LXFvKW1JbYK8U90vv
o/ufQJvtMVT8QtPHRh8jrdkPSHca2XV4cdFyQzR1bldZwgJcJmApzyMZFo6IQ6XU
5MsI+yMRQ+hDKXJioaldXgJUK642M4UwtBV8ob2xJNDd2ZhwLnoQdeXeGADbkpy
rqXRfboQnoZsG4q5WTP468SQvvG5
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
*COMMAND PROCESSED OK
```

The device will answer with the message COMMAND PROCESSED OK if the configuration was successful.

Do the same for the other two certificates with their respective commands.

Your device can now securely connect to the AWS and send your encrypted telemetry data safely.

### Disclaimer:

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